

This is an official

CDC Health Advisory

Distributed via Health Alert Network

April 22, 2004, 18:45 EDT (06:45 PM EDT)

New Possible SARS Case Reported in Beijing

Background

On April 22, 2004, the Chinese Ministry of Health reported a possible case of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) in a 20-year-old woman who works as a nurse in a hospital in Beijing. If confirmed, this will be the first case of SARS since January 2004, when Chinese health authorities confirmed SARS coronavirus (SARS-CoV) infection in three persons in Guangdong Province.

According to media reports and information on the World Health Organization (WHO) website (http://www.who.int/csr/don/2004_04_22/en/), the woman reported onset of fever, cough, and chills on April 5. She was admitted to a hospital in Beijing on April 7 and was transferred to the intensive-care unit at another Beijing hospital on April 14, where she remains in intensive care. On April 22, a panel of Chinese experts diagnosed the 20-year-old patient as a case of possible SARS, based on positive test results for antibodies to SARS-CoV in serum. The source of the patient's infection is unknown at this time.

Beijing public health authorities have initiated an epidemiologic investigation. Of 171 close contacts under medical observation, 5 have developed fever and have been placed in isolation. The Chinese MOH has requested local health authorities in China to enhance surveillance for SARS, influenza-like illness, and pneumonia of unknown etiology. CDC is in close communication with WHO about the newly identified possible case in China and will provide additional information as it becomes available.

Recommendations for Surveillance

In light of this report, the CDC and DHEC are recommending that U.S. physicians maintain a greater index of suspicion for SARS in patients who:

- 1) require hospitalization for radiographically confirmed pneumonia or acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) **AND**
- 2) who have a history of travel to mainland China (or close contact with an ill person with a history of recent travel to mainland China) in the 10 days before onset of symptoms.

When such patients are identified, they should be considered at high risk for SARS-CoV infection and the following actions should be taken:

- Patients should immediately be placed in appropriate isolation precautions for SARS (i.e., contact and airborne precautions along with eye protection),
- Patients should promptly be reported to the state or local health department,
- Patients should promptly be tested for evidence of SARS-CoV infection as part of the diagnostic evaluation (see Appendix 2, "Updated Guidelines for Collecting Specimens from Potential SARS Patients," in the CDC document, In the Absence of SARS-CoV Transmission Worldwide: Guidance for Surveillance, Clinical and Laboratory Evaluation, and Reporting (<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/sars/absenceofsars.htm>)
- The health department should identify, evaluate, and monitor relevant contacts of the patient, as indicated. In particular, the health status of household contacts or persons who provided care to symptomatic patients should be assessed.

Health care providers are reminded to obtain a travel history for patients presenting with acute respiratory illness. In addition, this new case of possible SARS provides a reminder to all healthcare settings, especially physician offices, outpatient clinics, and emergency departments, of the importance of implementing infection control precautions at the point of first contact with patients who have symptoms of a respiratory infection. These include respiratory hygiene/cough etiquette, hand hygiene, and droplet precautions (i.e., masks for close patient contact). For additional information, see Respiratory Hygiene/Cough Etiquette in Healthcare Settings (<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/resphygiene.htm>)

DHEC Contact Information for Reportable Diseases and Reporting Requirements

The reported new possible case of SARS in China represents an evolving situation, and CDC and DHEC will distribute updates as additional information is learned. For more about SARS and the current U.S. SARS control guidelines, visit the CDC SARS website: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/sars>

Reporting of cases is consistent with South Carolina Law requiring the reporting of diseases and conditions to your state or local public health department. (State Law # 44-29-10 and Regulation # 61-20) as per the DHEC 2004 List of Reportable Conditions available at: <http://www.scdhec.net/hs/diseasecont/disease.htm>.

The following is a complete listing of both local and state numbers for use in reporting **ANY** disease or condition.

Federal HIPAA legislation allows disclosure of protected health information, without consent of the individual, to public health authorities to collect and receive such information for the purpose of preventing or controlling disease. (HIPAA 45 CFR §164.512)

District Public Health Offices

Mail or call reports to the District Epidemiology/Disease Reports office in each district.

Appalachia I

(Anderson, Oconee)
220 McGee Road
Anderson, SC 29625
Phone: (864) 231-1966
Fax: (864) 260-5623
Nights / Weekends: 1-866-298-4442

Appalachia II

(Greenville, Pickens)
PO Box 2507
200 University Ridge
Greenville, SC 29602-2507
Phone: (864) 282-4139
Fax: (864) 282-4373
Nights / Weekends: (864) 460-5355 or
1-800-993-1186

Appalachia III

(Cherokee, Spartanburg, Union)
PO Box 4217
151 E. Wood Street
Spartanburg, SC 29305-4217
Phone: (864) 596-2227 ext. 210
Fax: (864) 596-3443
Nights / Weekends: (864) 809-3825

Catawba

(Chester, Lancaster, York)
PO Box 817
1833 Pageland Highway
Lancaster, SC 29721
Phone: (803) 283-3175
Fax: (803) 283-0572
Nights / Weekends: 1-866-867-3886 or
1-888-739-0748

Edisto Savannah

(Aiken, Allendale, Barnwell)
1680 Richland Avenue, W. Suite 40
Aiken, SC 29801
Phone: (803) 642-1618
Fax: (803) 642-1619
Nights / Weekends: (803) 827-8668 or
1-800-614-1519

Edisto Savannah

(Bamberg, Calhoun, Orangeburg)
PO Box 1126
1550 Carolina Avenue
Orangeburg, SC 29116
Phone: (803) 533-7199
Fax: (803) 536-9118
Nights / Weekends: (803) 954-8513

Low Country

(Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper)
1407 King Street
Beaufort, SC 29902
Phone: (843) 525-7603
Fax: (843) 525-7621
Nights / Weekends: 1-800-712-6586

Palmetto

(Fairfield, Lexington, Newberry, Richland)
2000 Hampton Street
Columbia, SC 29204
Phone: (803) 576-2749
Fax: (803) 576-2993
Nights / Weekends: (803) 304-4252

Pee Dee

(Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon,
Florence, Marlboro, Marion)
145 E. Cheves Street
Florence, SC 29506
Phone: (843) 661-4830
Fax: (843) 661-4859
Nights / Weekends: (843) 660-8145

Trident

(Berkeley, Charleston, Dorchester)
4050 Bridge View Drive, Suite 600
N. Charleston, SC 29405
Phone: (843) 746-3832
Fax: (843) 746-3851
Nights / Weekends: (843) 219-8470

Upper Savannah

(Abbeville, Edgefield, Greenwood,
Laurens, McCormick, Saluda)
PO Box 3227
1736 S. Main Street
Greenwood, SC 29646
Phone: 1-888-218-5475
Fax: (864) 942-3690
Nights / Weekends: 1-800-420-1915

Waccamaw

(Georgetown, Horry, Williamsburg)
2830 Oak Street
Conway, SC 29526-4560
Phone: (843) 365-3126
Fax: (843) 365-3153
Nights / Weekends: (843) 381-6710

Wateree

(Clarendon, Kershaw, Lee, Sumter)
PO Box 1628
105 North Magnolia Street
Sumter, SC 29150
Phone: (803) 773-5511
Fax: (803) 773-6366
Nights / Weekends: 1-877-831-4647

Bureau of Disease Control

Acute Disease Epidemiology Division
1751 Calhoun Street
Box 101106
Columbia, SC
Phone: (803) 898-0861
Fax: (803) 898-0897
Nights / Weekends: 1-888-847-0902

Categories of Health Alert messages:

Health Alert: conveys the highest level of importance; warrants immediate action or attention.

Health Advisory: provides important information for a specific incident or situation; may not require immediate action.

Health Update: provides updated information regarding an incident or situation; unlikely to require immediate action.